

**Review of Psychotherapy Statutory Regulations by Jurisdiction
(passed and pending)**

Jurisdiction	Note on the regulation of Psychotherapy/ Psychotherapists	Definition of Psychotherapy/ Psychotherapist	Professions with Psychotherapy in their scope of Practice	Framework for Regulation	Licensure/ Certification/ Other	Regulatory/ Disciplinary Body	Education/ Training Requirements	Prohibited Acts/Penalties	Notes/ Exemptions
Quebec	The title of psychotherapist is not protected, the practice of psychotherapy is unregulated.	Psychotherapy is a structured interactional process that, based on a diagnosis, aims to treat a mental disorder by using psychological methods recognized by the scientific community. It is a personal process in which the psychologist helps you to see more clearly, to explore and to take actions that lead to change. (Ordre Des Psychologues Du Québec)	Psychologist	<i>Code des Professions</i>	Mandatory Registration	The Ordre Des Psychologues Du Québec	MA; practicum		In October 2000, the Order submitted a request to the Office des Professions that the diploma giving access to the permit of the Ordre des psychologues du Québec be changed from a master's degree to a doctor's degree.
		Psychotherapy is in scope of practice, but not defined.	Marriage and Family Therapists	<i>Code des Professions</i>	License	Professional Order of Social Workers	MA; post-graduate course of study; 1,000 hours of supervised work		
			Psychiatrist	<i>Code des Professions</i>	License	Quebec college of physicians and surgeons			

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Alberta	<p>Restricted activities include: <i>to perform a psychosocial intervention with an expectation of treating a substantial disorder of thought, mood, perception, orientation or memory that grossly impairs</i></p> <p>i) <i>judgement</i> ii) <i>behaviour</i> iii) <i>capacity to recognize reality or ability to meet the ordinary demands of life</i></p> <p>Notes re. restriction of practice: Dietitians may perform psychosocial intervention in the form of psychonutrition therapy in the treatment of disordered eating patterns</p> <p>Nurses may perform psychosocial intervention as a member of a multi-disciplinary team and while under the direction of an authorized practitioner</p> <p>RPNs may provide psychotherapy and counseling; a RMDN may provide behaviour therapy and counseling</p>	<p>“Psychotherapy” is not in scope of practice nor is it defined in the act or regs. – the restricted activity of performing a psychosocial intervention is limited to a set number of regulated professions.</p>	<p>Social Workers</p> <p>Dietitians</p> <p>Licensed Practical Nurses</p> <p>Psychologist</p> <p>Registered Psychiatric and Mental Deficiency Nurses</p> <p>Physicians</p>	<p><i>Health Professions Act</i></p> <p><i>Health Professions Act</i></p> <p><i>Health Professions Act</i></p> <p><i>Health Professions Act</i></p> <p><i>Health Professions Act</i></p> <p><i>Health Professions Act</i></p>	<p>Mandatory Registration</p> <p>Mandatory Registration</p> <p>License</p> <p>Registration</p> <p>License as N/ registry as RPN/ RMDN</p> <p>License</p>	<p>College of Social Workers</p> <p>College of Dietitians</p> <p>College of Licensed Practical Nurses</p> <p>College of Psychologists</p> <p>Registered Psychiatric Nurses Association</p> <p>College of Physicians and Surgeons</p>	<p>Specific to each regulated profession</p>	<p>Giving information and providing advice with the intent of enhancing personal development, providing emotional support or promoting spiritual growth of individuals, couples, families and groups are not restricted activities</p>	

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United Kingdom	<p>There is no statutory regulation restricting who may practice as a psychotherapist, nor is there any title protection for Psychotherapists.</p> <p>A Statutory Regulation Working Group has been struck to examine both self-regulation and statutory registration of Psychotherapy.</p> <p>In June 2005, the British Psychology Society rejected the Department of Health's proposal that the Health Professions Council should take responsibility for the statutory regulation of psychologists.</p>	Psychotherapy is not defined by statute. Extensive definitions have been provided by professional organizations such as The British Confederation of Psychotherapists; United Kingdom Council for Psychotherapy and The British Psychoanalytical Society and The Institute of Psychoanalysis.	<p>Physicians Psychiatrists</p> <p>Art therapist</p> <p>Psychologists</p>	<p>Medical Act, 1983</p> <p>Health Professions Council</p> <p>British Psychology Society</p>	<p>License</p> <p>Mandatory Registry</p> <p>Voluntary registration</p>	<p>Health Professions Order</p> <p>Professional society</p>	<p>Post-Graduate Diploma or MA</p> <p>Varies according to grade of membership (Affiliate, Student, Graduate, Conditional, Registrant)</p>		Art Therapists' clinical work is required to be supervised. Supervisors are required to have psycho-dynamic or compatible training and will have undergone personal therapy as part of their training.
Australia, Victoria	<p>Psychotherapy is currently unregulated. Self-regulatory models have been proposed by the Psychotherapy and Counseling Federation of Australia (PACFA). As of May, 2005 – the Ministry of Health is revising the regulations of the <i>Health Professions Act</i>. Once the proposed reforms are finalized for the existing registered health professions, the Department will examine the regulatory reforms for unregistered health professions, including psychotherapy.</p>	Psychotherapy is not defined by statute.	<p>Physicians</p> <p>Psychologists</p>	<p>Medical Practice Act/ Health Insurance Act</p> <p>Psychologists Registration Act, 2000</p>	<p>Licensure</p> <p>Mandatory Registration</p>	<p>Medical Practitioners Board</p> <p>Psychologists Registration Board</p>	<p>Graduate degree; supervised practical clinical experience; standardized exam</p>	8 Terms of unprofessional conduct; 7 defined offenses	

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New Zealand	<p>Psychotherapy is currently unregulated.</p> <p>The New Zealand Association of Psychotherapy has requested that Psychotherapy be a regulated profession under the <i>Health Practitioners Competence Assurance Act</i>. The Ministry of Health distributed a questionnaire as part of the consultation process in response to the request from NZAP. Submissions closed February 25th and the Ministry is currently reviewing the submitted proposals.</p>	<p>Psychotherapy is not defined by statute</p> <p>Treating emotional distress and/or psychological disturbance occurring within and between individuals, families and groups. Undertakes initial assessment to establish a provisional diagnosis and formulation regarding the course of Psychotherapy, taking into account identified changes required in cognition, affect and behaviour. Develops a detailed understanding of the influence of early experience on current functioning and the extent to which unconscious process relates to present difficulties. (New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations as cited in the Ministry of Health: <i>Proposal That Psychotherapy Become a Regulated Profession</i>)</p>	<p>Psychologist</p> <p>Physician</p>	<p><i>Psychologist Act (1981) / Health Practitioners Competence Assurance Act (2003)</i></p> <p><i>Health Practitioners Competence Assurance Act (2003)</i></p>	<p>Certificate</p> <p>License</p>	<p>New Zealand Psychologist Board</p> <p>Medical Council of New Zealand</p>	<p>Masters Degree; 1500 hours supervised practice</p>		<p>85% of Psychiatrists are registered as Fellows with the Royal Australian and New Zealand College of Psychiatrists</p>

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State of Arizona	There is no license specific to psychotherapy; however, all behavioral health professionals engaged in the practice of psychotherapy must be licensed as a regulated profession.	A variety of treatment methods developing out of generally accepted theories about human behavior and development.	Professional Counselor Associate Counselor Substance Abuse Counselor Marriage and Family Counselor Social Worker Medicine Psychologist	<i>Title 32 Professions and Occupations Act; Chapter 32</i> <i>Title 32; Chapter 13</i> <i>Title 32: Chapter 19.1</i>	License License License	Board of Behavioral Health Examiners (BHE) sets requirements for licensure. BHE Investigation Committee handles complaints. BHE Credentialing Committee reviews and makes a recommendation for further actions, if any. Board of Medicine Board of Psychologists	Specific to each regulated profession – combines academic credentials and standardized testing	41 identified activities constituting “unprofessional conduct”	14 Exemptions, including a member run self-help or self-growth group if no member of the group receives direct or indirect financial compensation

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California	MFT, LCSW, Psychologists, Psychiatrists, Psychiatric Technicians, Psychiatrists and Advanced Practice Nurses are the only professions licensed to practice psychotherapy. The legislation defines their practice as including elements of psychotherapy. In February, 2005 <i>Assembly Bill 894</i> was introduced to license and regulate counselors	Psychotherapy is defined in the context of the various professions that are licensed i.e. Social Work., Marriage and Family Therapists – Psychotherapy, within the meaning of this chapter, is the use of psychosocial methods within a professional relationship, to assist the person or persons to achieve a better psychosocial adaptation, to acquire greater human realization of psychosocial potential and adaptation, to modify internal and external conditions which affect individuals, groups, or communities in respect to behavior, emotions, and thinking, in respect to their intrapersonal and interpersonal processes. <i>(Business and Professions Code, Section 4996.9- Social Work)</i>	Marriage and Family Therapists Clinical Social Workers Psychologists Medicine Psychiatric Technicians Advanced Practice Nurses	<i>Business and Professions Code, Section 4980, 4990</i> Section 2900 Section 2000 Section 4500 Section 2725.5	License License License License	Board of Behavioral Sciences. Board of Psychology Board of Medicine Board of Vocational Nursing and Psychiatric Technicians Board of Registered Nursing Under <i>Bill 894</i> Counselors would be licensed and regulated by the Board of Behavioral Sciences.	Specific to each regulated profession		This chapter shall not apply to any priest, rabbi, or minister of the gospel of any religious denomination when performing counseling services as part of his or her pastoral or professional duties, or to any person who is admitted to practice law in the state, or who is licensed to practice medicine, when providing counseling services as part of his or her professional practice.

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Colorado	<p>State regulates the practice of psychotherapy. For those who are not part of a licensed profession the state has set up a system to regulate the service provider by creating the category of unlicensed psychotherapist.</p> <p>Unlicensed psychotherapists are regulated as a distinct group under their own Board. They are required to be listed in the State Grievance Board Database</p>	<p>Psychotherapy follows a planned procedure of intervention, which takes place on a regular basis, over a period of time, or in the cases of testing, assessment, and brief psychotherapy, it can be a single intervention. Unlicensed psychotherapist means any person whose primary practice is psychotherapy or who holds himself or herself out to the public as being able to practice psychotherapy for compensation and who is not licensed under this title to practice psychotherapy.</p> <p>Unlicensed psychotherapist means any person whose primary practice is psychotherapy or who holds himself or herself out to the public as being able to practice psychotherapy for compensation and who is not licensed under this title to practice psychotherapy. "Unlicensed psychotherapist" also means a person who is a licensed school psychologist licensed pursuant to section 22-60.5-210 (1) (b), C.R.S., and who is practicing outside of a school setting.</p>	<p>Licensed psychologists Licensed and registered social workers Licensed Marriage and Family therapists Licensed Professional Counselors Addiction counselors</p> <p>Physicians Psychiatrists</p> <p>Unlicensed Psychotherapists</p>	<p><i>Colorado Mental Health Statute Effective July 2004</i></p> <p><i>Colorado Medical Practice Act</i></p> <p><i>Colorado Mental Health Statute Effective July 2004</i></p>	<p>License</p> <p>License</p>	<p>Each profession has its own board that has statutory authority to license and discipline their own members (e.g. Licensed Professional Counselor Examiners Board)</p> <p>Board of Medicine</p> <p>Grievance Board for Unlicensed Psychotherapists</p>	<p>Educational requirements are based on profession</p> <p>Unlicensed psychotherapists required to pass a mail-in exam to be listed in the state database/registry</p>	<p>18 Prohibited Activities; 5 unlawful acts;</p>	<p>Act does not apply to a professional coach who has had coach-specific training and who serves clients exclusively as a coach.</p> <p>Any person engaged in the practice of religious ministry shall not be required to comply with the provisions of this article; except that such person shall not hold himself or herself out to the public by any title incorporating protected titles.</p>

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Florida	No person shall hold herself or himself out by any title or description incorporating the word, or a permutation of the word, " psychotherapy " unless such person holds a valid, active license under chapter 458 [physicians], chapter 490 [psychologists], or chapter 491 [Counselors, Clinical Social Workers, Master-Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapists, Mental Health Counselors] or such person is certified as an advanced registered nurse practitioner, pursuant to s. 464.012, who has been determined by the Board of Nursing as a specialist in psychiatric mental health.	Psychotherapy is not defined by statute. "Psychotherapist" means any person licensed pursuant to chapter 458, chapter 459, part I of chapter 464, chapter 490, or chapter 491, or any other person who provides or purports to provide treatment, diagnosis, assessment, evaluation, or counseling of mental or emotional illness, symptom, or condition.	Counselors Clinical Social Workers Master-Social Work Marriage and Family Therapists Mental Health Counselors Physicians Psychologists Advanced registered nurse practitioner	<i>Health Professions and Occupations Act, 2004</i> ; Chapter 491 Chapter 458 Chapter 490 Chapter 464.012	License License License	Board of Clinical Social Work, Marriage and Family Therapy, and Mental Health Counseling Board of Medicine Board of Psychology Board of Nursing	Based on profession – graduate degree; supervised practical clinical experience. Some professions must also pass a State theory and practice exam	27 Prohibited activities; specific subsection on sexual misconduct and penalties	Rabbis, priests, ministers and members of the clergy when performing their regular or specialized duties without compensation or with compensation when they are accountable for their services to the established authority of their religious organization.

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Minnesota	<p>Individuals may provide psychotherapy and other mental health services for remuneration without any state license or certification. Must provide client with a Bill of Rights and can voluntarily register.</p> <p>Minnesota Statutes 2004 Chapter 214 specifies the conditions under which occupational regulation is required and calls for the least restrictive form of regulation</p>	<p>Psychotherapy is defined in the context of the licensed professions: Psychotherapy in clinical social work practice means the application of social work theory, methodology, and values in the treatment of a person or persons who have cognitive, emotional, behavioral, or social dysfunctions through psychosocial, psychological, or interpersonal methods. The treatment is a planned and structured program which is based on information from a differential diagnostic assessment, and is directed toward the accomplishment of goals provided in a plan of care. The person-in-situation/ environment configuration is considered and integrated into the diagnosis and treatment. (MS 2004, 148B.18 – Social Workers)</p> <p>Unlicensed mental health practitioner means a person who provides or purports to provide, for remuneration, mental health services as defined as psychotherapy and the professional assessment, treatment, or counseling of another person for a cognitive, behavioral, emotional, social, or mental condition, symptom, or dysfunction, including intrapersonal or interpersonal dysfunctions.</p>	<p>Licensed Psychologists</p> <p>Licensed Social workers, Licensed Marriage and Family Therapists</p> <p>Licensed Alcohol and drug counselors</p> <p>Unlicensed mental health practitioners</p>	<p><i>Minnesota Psychology Practice Act</i></p> <p>MS 2004, Chapter 148B</p> <p>MS 2004, Chapter 148C</p> <p>Department of Health, Office of Mental Health Practice (OHMP)</p>	<p>License</p> <p>License</p> <p>License</p> <p>None</p>	<p>Board of Psychology</p> <p>Board of Social Work</p> <p>Department of Health, Health Occupations Program</p> <p>Department of Health, Office of Mental Health Practice</p>	<p>Educational requirements are based on profession</p>	<p>Minnesota Statutes specify prohibited conduct and reporting requirements that can be the basis for disciplinary action against unlicensed practitioners. Prosecutors and dissatisfied consumers can use common law, statutory causes of civil action, and/or criminal prohibitions to seek punishment and restitution whether or not occupations are regulated.</p>	<p>Does not include pastoral services provided by members of the clergy to members of a religious congregation in the context of performing and fulfilling the salaried duties and obligations required of a member of the clergy by that religious congregation</p>

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Nebraska	Only Licensed Social Workers, Licensed Marriage and Family Therapists and Licensed Professional Counselors may provide psychotherapy (please see exemptions for physicians and psychologists).	A specialized formal interaction between a mental health practitioner and a client in which a therapeutic relationship is established to help to resolve symptoms of mental disorder, psychosocial stress, relationship problems and difficulties in coping in the social environment. Some specific types of psychotherapy may include, but are not limited to, psychoanalysis, family therapy, group psychotherapy, supportive treatment, gestalt therapy, experiential therapy, primal therapy, psychosocial therapy, psychodrama, behavioral therapy, clinical hypnosis, addiction therapy, and cognitive therapy. (Title 172 Professional And Occupational Licensure; Chapter 94)	Social Work Marriage and Family Therapy Professional Counselor Physician Licensed Psychologist	Title 172 Professional And Occupational Licensure; Chapter 94 Title 172; Chapter 88 Title 172; Chapter 155	License License License	Board of Mental Health Practice Board of Medicine and Surgery Board of Psychologists	Graduate degree, followed by a supervised practicum or internship.	23 grounds for disciplinary action; 22 definitions of unprofessional conduct	Mental health practice does not include: The practice of psychology or medicine; Prescribing drugs or electroconvulsive therapy; Treating physical disease, injury, or deformity; Diagnosing major mental illness or disorder except in consultation with a physician or LC psychologist; Measuring personality or intelligence for the purpose of diagnosis or treatment; Using psychotherapy with individuals suspected of having major mental or emotional disorders except in consultation with a physician or LV psychologist; Provision of emergency crisis intervention or referral services or limited services supporting a service plan developed by and delivered under the supervision of a licensed mental health practitioner, physician, or a licensed psychologist

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New York	<p>The practice of Psychotherapy is restricted to individuals licensed in the professions of Mental Health Counselor, Marriage and Family Therapist, Creative Arts Therapist, Psychoanalyst, Psychology, Social Work, Medicine and as a Registered Professional Nurse or a Nurse Practitioner or individuals in exempt settings.</p> <p>Effective January 1, 2005, an individual licensed as a Mental Health Counselor, Marriage and Family Therapist, Creative Arts Therapist, or Psychoanalyst may also provide psychotherapy. Effective January 1, 2006, the practice of psychotherapy will require licensure as one of psychology, social work, medicine, registered professional nurse, nurse practitioner, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, creative arts therapist, or Psychoanalyst, unless exempt under law.</p>	<p>The treatment of mental, nervous, emotional, behavioral and addictive disorders, and ailments by the use of both verbal and behavioral methods of intervention in interpersonal relationships with the intent of assisting the persons to modify attitudes, thinking, affect, and behavior which are intellectually, socially and emotionally maladaptive (Article 163 of the Education Law, 2002)</p>	<p>Mental Health Counselor Marriage and Family Therapist Creative Arts Therapist Psychoanalyst Psychologist Social work</p>	<p><i>Article 163 of the Education Law, 2002</i></p>	License	The State Board for Mental Health Practitioners	<p>Based on professional title – most require graduate degree; supervised client contact; standardized exam</p>	Listed by profession	<p>does not prohibit or limit individuals, churches, schools, teachers, organizations or not-for-profit businesses from providing instruction, advice, support, encouragement, or information to individuals, families or relational groups</p>
			Medicine	Article 131	License	State Board for Medicine			
			RPN	Article 139	License	State Board for Nursing			
			Nurse Practitioner	Article 139	Certificate	State Board for Nursing	<p>Requires licensure as a Nurse; completion of a NP Certification Course; certification from a national nursing body</p>		

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Vermont	Non-licensed/non-certified psychotherapists are registered on a roster and must agree to practice according to established standards of professional conduct (non-licensed means a person who practices psychotherapy and is neither a licensed psychologist, clinical social worker or mental health counselor; non-certified means a person who practices psychotherapy and is neither a certified marriage and family therapist or a psychoanalyst)	"Psychotherapy" involves the application of therapeutic techniques to understand unconscious or conscious motivation, resolve emotional, relationship or attitudinal conflicts, or modify behavior which interferes with effective emotional, social or mental functioning. "Psychotherapy" follows a systematic procedure of psychotherapeutic intervention which takes place on a regular basis over a period of time, or, in the case of evaluation and brief psychotherapies, in a single or limited number of interventions. (<i>Title 26: Professions and Occupations Act, Chapter 65</i>)	Physicians Psychologists Clinical mental Health counselors Social workers Marriage and Family therapists Psychoanalyst non-licensed/ non-certified psychotherapists	<i>Professions and Occupations Act, 1998</i> Chapter 55 Chapter 65 Chapter 61 Chapter 76 Chapter 77 Chapter 78	License License License License/ Certificate Certificate Voluntary Registry maintained by the office of professional regulation in the office of the Secretary of State	Board of Medicine Board of Psychology Allied Mental Health Practitioners Board (AMHPB) AMHPB AMHPB Office of Professional Regulation AMHPB	Based on profession most require graduate degree; supervised practicum; standardized exam No standardized exam for cert. No standardized exam for cert. High school diploma or equivalent. (<i>Licensed and Certified Occupations in Vermont, 2001</i>)	8 definitions of unprofessional conduct	Broad exemptions for certain licensed professionals and clergy

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Washington	No person may, for a fee or as a part of his or her position as an employee of a state agency, practice counseling without being registered to practice by the department of Health.	While Psychotherapy is not defined by statute, Counseling is a defined term that references Psychotherapy – "Mental health counseling" means the application of principles of human development, learning theory, psychotherapy , group dynamics, and etiology of mental illness and dysfunctional behavior to individuals, couples, families, groups, and organizations, for the purpose of treatment of mental disorders and promoting optimal mental health and functionality. Mental health counseling also includes, but is not limited to, the assessment, diagnosis, and treatment of mental and emotional disorders, as well as the application of a wellness model of mental health. <i>Business and Professions Act, 2002 – 18.225</i>	Marriage and Family Therapy, Mental Health Counseling, Social Work Psychologists Registered Counselors	<i>Business and Professions Act, 2002, Chapter 18-225</i> Chapter 18.83 <i>Chapter 19.020</i>	License License Certificate Mandatory Registration	The Secretary of the Department of Health and 16 boards and commissions are authorized by the legislature to discipline health care providers who violate the law.	Graduate degree from a recognized institution; Successful completion of an approved examination; Successful completion of a supervised experience requirement	20 Conditions where license may be restricted, denied or revoked.	Nothing in this chapter may be construed to prohibit or restrict the practice of counseling by a person without a mandatory charge; The practice of counseling by persons offering services for public and private nonprofit organizations or charities not primarily engaged in counseling for a fee when approved by the organizations or agencies for whom they render their services; The practice of counseling by a person under the auspices of a religious denomination, or organization, or the practice of religion itself;

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Wisconsin	<p>Only regulated, licensed professions may provide psychotherapy</p> <p>Regulates the practice of psychotherapy by other license holders.</p>	<p>“Psychotherapy” means the diagnosis and treatment of mental emotional, or behavioral disorders, conditions, or addictions through the application of methods derived from established psychological or systemic principles for the purpose of assisting people in modifying their behaviors, cognitions, emotions, and other personal characteristics, which may include the purpose of understanding unconscious processes or intrapersonal, interpersonal, or psychosocial dynamics. (Act 80 - 457.01)</p>	<p>Art Dance, or music Therapist Family Therapist Marriage and Family Therapists Physician Professional Counselor Professional Rehabilitation Counselor Psychiatrist Psychologist Social Workers Vocational Rehabilitation counselor</p>	<p>Licensure Bill 2001 Wisconsin Act 80 Enacted May 1, 2002</p>	<p>License</p>	<p>Wisconsin Certification Board, Department of Regulation and Licensing (DRL) regulates over 109 professions. DRL administers education, experience, and examination requirements; sets professional practice standards; ensures compliance by enforcing occupational licensing laws</p>	<p>Based on professional title – most require graduate degree; supervised client contact; standardized exam</p>		<p>Psychometric testing is restricted to psychologists and persons acting under the supervision of a psychologist, and to licensed marriage and family therapists, licensed professional counselors, and licensed clinical social workers.</p> <p>Does not require any individual to be certified or licensed under this chapter in order to use the title “pastoral counselor”</p>

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Wyoming	<p>Only regulated, licensed professions may provide psychotherapeutic services.</p> <p>Act is a practice act that limits the practice of psychotherapy to a limited group of licensed professionals</p>	The treatment, diagnosis, testing, assessment or counseling in a professional relationship to assist individuals or groups to alleviate mental disorders, understand unconscious or conscious motivation, resolve emotional relationships, or attitudinal conflicts, or modify behaviors which interfere with effective emotional, social or intellectual functioning;	<p>Professional Counseling Marriage and Family Therapy Addictions Therapy Social Work</p> <p>Psychology</p> <p>Physicians and Surgeons</p>	<p><i>Title 33 Professions and Occupations</i>, 1998</p> <p>Chapter 27</p> <p>Chapter 26</p>	<p>License/ Certificate</p> <p>License</p> <p>License</p>	<p>Mental Health Professionals Board</p> <p>Psychology Board</p> <p>State Board of Medicine</p>	<p>Licensed practitioners (graduate degree; standard exam; practicum) may practise without supervision; Certified practitioners (bachelor degree; designated clinical supervisor) must be supervised.</p>	23 ethical standards;	<p>Rabbi, priest, minister, clergy or any person acting as a lay religious counselor of any religious denomination or sect provided the activities and services are within the scope of the performance of regular or specialized ministerial duties, the counseling is clearly identified as being based on religious principles and there is no fee for services</p> <p>Nothing in this act shall prevent persons who are not licensed or certified under this act from providing nonclinical case management services to assist the client. Case management services include advocacy, crisis intervention, linkage, monitoring and followup and referral.</p>

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